

# Model Question paper of B.Sc Sem IV Mat C-8 - Analysis II

Short answer type Questions.

① Define Comparison test for the Convergence of  $\int_c^{\infty} f(x) dx$ . and test the Convergence of the integral  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos x}{1+x^2} dx$ .

② Test the Convergence of  $\int_a^{\infty} e^{-x} \frac{\sin x}{x^2} dx$  where  $a > 0$ .

③ Show that  $\int_0^{\infty} \sin x^2 dx$  is Convergent.

④ Evaluate Gamma function

$$\Gamma_n = \int_0^{\infty} x^{n-1} e^{-x} dx$$

⑤ Prove that  $B(l, m) = \frac{\Gamma(l) \Gamma(m)}{\Gamma(l+m)}$

⑥  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x dx}{1+x^6}$

(7) Transform  $\iint v \, dx \, dy$  to polar co-ordinates.

(8) Transform the multiple integral  $\iiint v \, dx \, dy \, dz$  by the Polar transformations.

(9) Write the statement of Liouville's Extension of Dirichlet's Theorem & Evaluate  $\iiint xyz \, dx \, dy \, dz$  taking throughout the ellipsoid

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} \leq 1$$

(10) Evaluate  $\int_C F \cdot dx$ , where  $F = (x^2 - y^2)\vec{i} + xy\vec{j}$

and Curve  $C$  is the arc of the curve  $y = x^3$  from  $(0,0)$  to  $(2,8)$ .

(11) State and prove Green's Theorem.

(12) If  $F = ax\vec{i} + by\vec{j} + cz\vec{k}$ ,  $a, b, c$  are constants, show that  $\iint_S F \cdot n \, ds = \frac{4}{3}\pi(a+b+c)$ , where  $S$  is the surface of a unit sphere.

(13) Evaluate by Green's theorem

$$\oint_C (x^2 - \cos y) dx + (y + \sin x) dy.$$

(14)

Find the work done when a force  $F = (x^2 - y^2 + x)\vec{i} - (2xy + y)\vec{j}$  moves a particle in  $xy$  plane from  $(0,0)$  to  $(1,1)$  along the parabola  $y^2 = x$ .

(15)

If  $S$  is any closed surface enclosing a volume  $V$  and  $F = x\vec{i} + 2y\vec{j} + 3z\vec{k}$ , prove that

$$\iiint F \cdot n \, dS = 6V.$$

### Long Answer Type Questions.

1) Show that the integral

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-ax} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx \text{ is Convergent when } a \geq 0.$$

2)

Discuss the convergence of Beta function

$$\int_0^1 x^{m-1} (1-x)^{n-1} dx$$

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③ Discuss the Convergence of Gamma function

$$\int_0^{\infty} x^{n-1} e^{-x} dx$$

④ Prove that (Duplication Formula)

$$\Gamma(m) \Gamma\left(m + \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2^{2m-1}} \Gamma(2m)$$

⑤ Show that

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{\sin x}} \times \int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\sin x} dx = \pi$$

⑥ Verify Green's theorem in the plane for

$$\oint_C (xy + y^2) dx + x^2 dy \text{ where } C$$

is the closed curve of the region bounded by  $y = x$  &  $y = x^2$ .

⑦ Verify divergence theorem for

$$F = (x^2 - yz) \vec{i} + (y^2 - zx) \vec{j} + (z^2 - xy) \vec{k}$$

taken over the rectangular parallelepiped

$$0 \leq x \leq a, \quad 0 \leq y \leq b, \quad 0 \leq z \leq c.$$

(8) State & prove Stoke's Theorem.

(9) Verify Stoke's theorem for

$$F = (x^2 + y^2) \vec{i} - 2xy \vec{j}$$

taken round the rectangle bounded by

$$x = \pm a, \quad y = 0, \quad y = b.$$

(10) Verify Stoke's Theorem for  
 $F = -y^3 \vec{i} + x^3 \vec{j}$  where  $S$  is the  
 circular disc  $x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, z = 0$ .